# The European Union and migration issues: some geographical perspectives

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#### Introduction

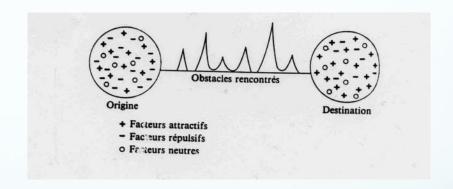
The migrant crisis in Europe in 2015

=> Migration is still on the political agenda in Europe





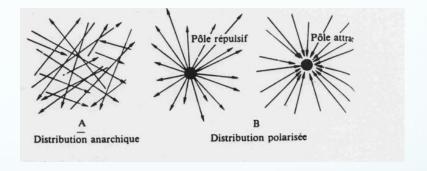
- A movement that introduces a significant change in your living space (Thumerelle, 1986)
  - A place of departure...
  - ...and a place of arrivals
- In-between
  - Distances
  - Obstacles







- A complex system with poles of attraction and poles of repulsion
- Different types of migrations
  - The international migrations: crossing borders
- A non-linear individual trajectory





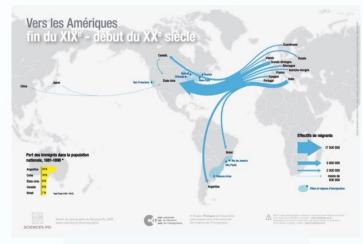


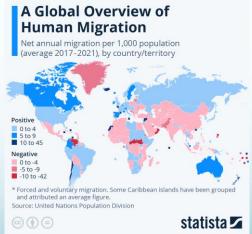
- The will to improve one's situation
  - Wealth differences
  - Wars, conflicts, tensions





- Europe: a part of a world migration system
- Europe: Migration flows in a long-term perspective (XIX-XXI c.)
  - From an area of emmigration to an immigration area

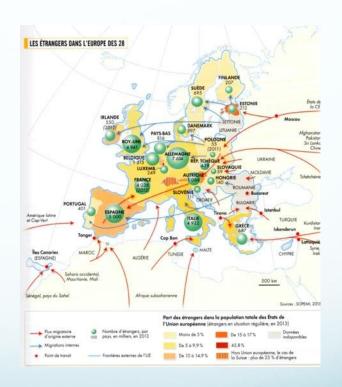








- Europe: Migration flows in a long-term perspective
  - Contrasting situations according to countries







### The border regimes

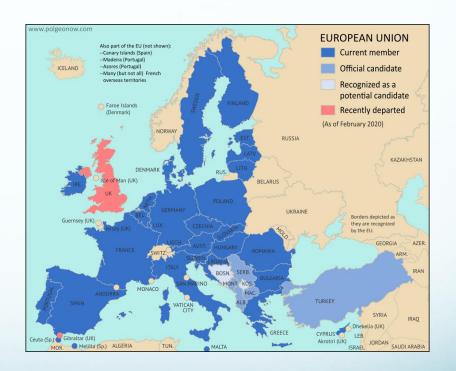
- What is a border?
  - A limit of sovereignty
  - A device of regulation
  - An object, revealing differences between political, legal, cultural systems, etc.
- « A territorial construction that introduces distance in proximity » (Arbaret-Schultz, 2004)





# The border regimes

- The « Europe »'s border regime
  - Two areas of free movement
    - for goods (EU, 1993)
    - for humans (European citizens) (Schengen area, 1995)

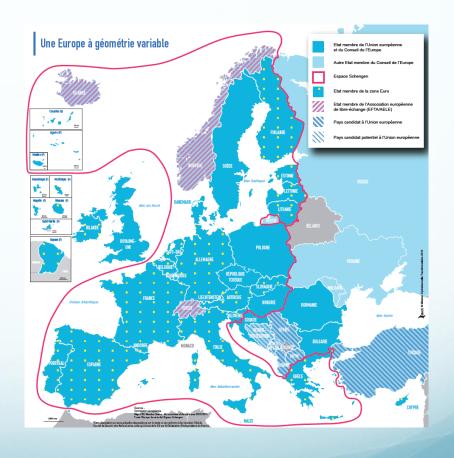






# The border regimes

- The border regimes in Europe
  - Internal borders
  - External borders
    - the transfer of regulatory functions at external borders







- The European Union's migration policy
  - A shared competence
  - Communitarisation
  - The power of the States and the control of borders



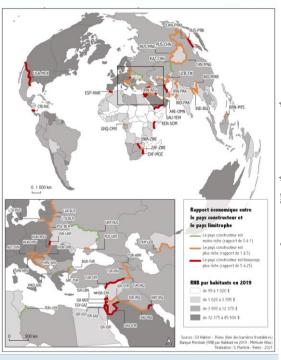


- Desired and unwanted migrants
  - Main objectives
    - 'a balanced approach'
    - Reducing flows
    - Tensions and difficult agreements

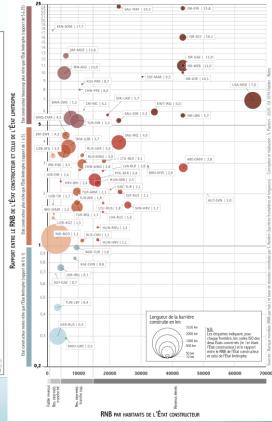




- Differences in Wealth living standards:
  - powerful drivers of movement...
  - ...and Wall construction (Rosière, 2021)



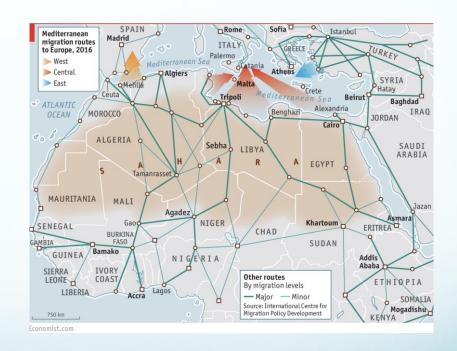








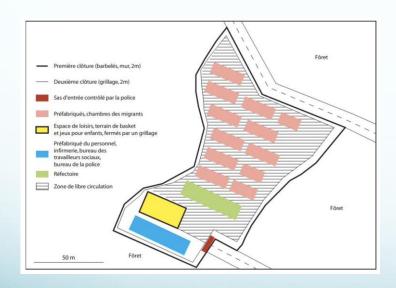
- A geography of migration and borders
  - Migration routes and networks

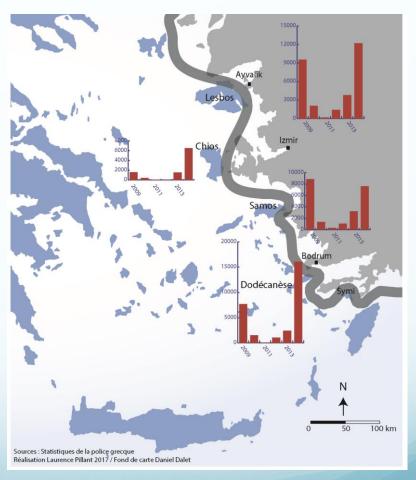






- A geography of migration and borders
  - Places: hotspots, camps (Pillant, 2018)









- A territorial approach
  - Fortress Europe







- A territorial approach
  - Asymmetric positions
  - Countries that are gateways: Italy, Spain, Greece, etc.)
  - Countries that play a filtering role: Turkey, Morocco, etc.
- A legal approach ?







- The smart border
  - Frontex
- an ideological and technical approach?
  - The border: a mean of protection





- Public opinion, the media and politicians
  - Instrumentalisation?





#### Conclusion

- Selective borders
- A source of tensions and manipulation between countries in Europe and in neighbouring countries
- to allow the movement of migrants: to go back and forth (Wihtol de Wenden, 2016)
- Cosmopolitan societies (Beck, 2005)





Thank you for your attention!



